**Table 5 Unemployment**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Unemployment measure:** | **Month/ period** | **Swansea** Total *(change)* | **Swansea**Rate *(%-ch.)* | **Wales**Rate *(%-ch.)* | **UK**Rate *(%-ch.)* |
| **Claimant Count** (**unadjusted**) | **Dec 2024** | **5,355** | **3.6%** | 3.5% | 4.1% |
| *Change on quarter (Sep24 – Dec24)* | *(-355)* | *(-6.2%)* | *(-3.0%)* | *(-2.2%)* |
| *Change on year (Dec23 – Dec24)* | *(+355)* | *(+7.1%)* | *(+7.6%)* | *(+12.1%)* |
| **Unemployment** (**model-based** est.) | **Sep 2024** | **3,700** | **3.1%** | 2.9% | 3.7% |
| *Change on year (y/e Sep23 – y/e Sep24)* | *(-1,500)* | *(-28.8%)* | *(-25.9%)* | *(-0.3%)* |

***Source****: ONS Labour Market Statistics releases (21 January 2025).*

**Notes**:

1. Claimant count rates expressed as a proportion of working age residents (aged 16-64).
2. A broader span of UC claimants are required to look for work than under JSA, which has increased the Claimant Count and affected its reliability as an economic indicator. As a result, the claimant count no longer has National Statistics status and is currently labelled an ‘official statistic in development’ by ONS.
3. The model-based estimates improve on the APS estimates of unemployment for local authorities by borrowing strength from the claimant count measure. Model-based unemployment (MU) rates expressed as a proportion of the economically active population aged 16 and over. A UK MU rate is not published therefore the APS unemployment rate is shown in the table. The survey-based unemployment totals and rates are subject to sampling variability, the effect of which increases at local levels.
4. Unemployment data is also included in our **“Labour Market Statistics”** bulletin, available at [www.swansea.gov.uk/economy](http://www.swansea.gov.uk/economy).
5. Statistics for claimants of Universal Credit and other employment and income related benefits are also available.

**Tabl 5 Diweithdra**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Mesur diweithdra:** | **Mis/ cyfnod** | **Abertawe**  Cyfanswm *(newid)* | **Abertawe**Cyfradd *(%-n.)* | **Cymru**Cyfradd *(%-n.)* | **Y DU**Cyfradd *(%-n.)* |
| **Nifer yr hawlwyr** **(heb ei addasu)** | **Rha-24** | **5,355** | **3.6%** | 3.5% | 4.1% |
| *Newid ar y chwarter (Med-24 – Rha-24)* | *(-355)* | *(-6.2%)* | *(-3.0%)* | *(-2.2%)* |
| *Newid ar y flwyddyn (Rha-23 – Rha-24)* | *(+355)* | *(+7.1%)* | *(+7.6%)* | *(+12.1%)* |
|  **Diweithdra (amcangyfrif yn seiliedig ar fodel)**   | **Med-24** | **3,700** | **3.1%** | 2.9% | 3.7% |
| *Newid ar y flwyddyn (b/g Med-23 – b/g Med-24)* | *(-1,500)* | *(-28.8%)* | *(-25.9%)* | *(-0.3%)* |

***Ffynhonnell****: Datganiadau ystadegau'r farchnad lafur y SYG (21 Ionawr 2025).*

**Nodiadau**:

1. Mynegir cyfraddau nifer yr hawlwyr fel cyfran o'r preswylwyr oedran gweithio (16-64 oed).
2. Mae’n ofynnol i fwy o hawlwyr Credyd Cynhwysol chwilio am waith na’r hyn sy’n ofynnol dan reolau'r Lwfans Ceisio Gwaith, sydd wedi cynyddu nifer y bobl sy'n hawlio budd-daliadau ac effeithio ar ei ddibynadwyedd fel dangosydd economaidd. O ganlyniad i hyn, nid oes gan nifer y bobl sy'n hawlio budd-daliadau statws Ystadegau Gwladol mwyach ac fe'i hystyrir fel 'Ystadegyn Swyddogol o dan Ddatblygiad' gan y Swyddfa Ystadegau Gwladol.
3. Mae'r amcangyfrifon sy'n seiliedig ar fodel, yn gwella yn yr amcangyfrifon APB ar gyfer diweithdra awdurdodau lleol trwy fenthyca cryfder o'r mesur nifer yr hawlwyr. Mynegir y cyfraddau diweithdra sy'n seiliedig ar fodel (DM) fel cyfran y boblogaeth 16 oed ac yn hŷn sy’n weithgar yn economaidd. Ni chyhoeddir cyfradd DM y DU felly dangosir cyfradd diweithdra'r APB yn y tabl. Mae cyfansymiau a chyfraddau diweithdra sy'n seiliedig ar arolygon yn agored i amrywioldeb samplu, y mae eu heffaith yn cynyddu'n lleol.
4. Mae data diweithdra hefyd wedi'i gynnwys yn ein bwletin “**Ystadegau'r Farchnad Lafur**”, sydd ar gael yn [www.abertawe.gov.uk/economi](http://www.abertawe.gov.uk/economi).
5. Mae ystadegau ar gyfer hawlwyr Credyd Cynhwysol a budd-daliadau eraill sy'n ymwneud â chyflogaeth ac incwm hefyd ar gael.